

SOLUTIONS TO POP QUIZ

First compute the x transformation:



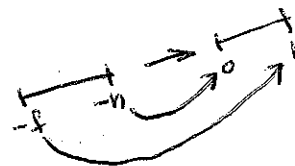
$$x' = \frac{1}{r-l} (x-l)$$

$$x' = \frac{x}{r-l} - \frac{l}{r-l}$$

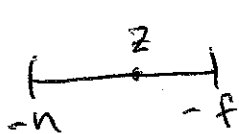
check: ~~$x=l, x'=0$~~
 $x=l, x'=0$ ✓
 $x=r, x'=1$ ✓

likewise y :

$$y' = \frac{y}{t-b} - \frac{b}{t-b}$$



z :



← note the flip:

$$z' = \frac{-1}{-n+f} (z+n)$$

check: $z=-n, z'=0$ ✓
 $z=-f, z' = \frac{-(-f)}{-f-n} = \frac{f}{f-n} = 1$ ✓

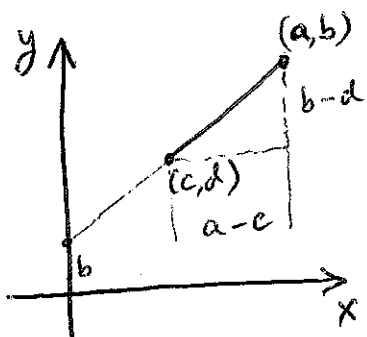
$$z' = \frac{-z}{f-n} + \frac{-n}{f-n}$$

Matrix $M =$

$\frac{1}{r-l}$	0	0	$-\frac{l}{r-l}$
0	$\frac{1}{t-b}$	0	$-\frac{b}{t-b}$
0	0	$\frac{-1}{f-n}$	$\frac{-n}{f-n}$
0	0	0	1

EFFICIENT LINE EQUATION FROM 2 POINTS (IMPLICIT)

①



$$f_L = (a, b, 1) \times (c, d, 1)$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ a & b & 1 \\ c & d & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (b-d)\vec{i} - (a-c)\vec{j} + (ad-cb)\vec{k}$$

so $f_L = (b-d)x - (a-c)y + (ad-cb) \leftarrow$ implicit line equation

if $f_L = 0 \Rightarrow$ line equation

$$0 = (b-d)x - (a-c)y + (ad-cb)$$

verify

$$(a-c)y = (b-d)x + (ad-cb)$$

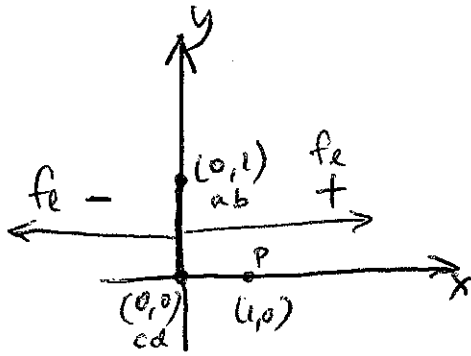
$$y = \underbrace{\frac{(b-d)}{(a-c)}}_{\text{slope } m} x + \underbrace{\frac{(ad-cb)}{(a-c)}}_{\text{intercept } b?}$$

$$b = -\left(\frac{b-d}{a-c}\right)c + d = \frac{\cancel{dc} - bc}{a-c} + \frac{ad - \cancel{cd}}{a-c}$$

$$= \frac{\boxed{ad - bc}}{a-c}$$

So this is correct.

USING IMPLICIT LINE EQUATION TO TEST FOR "SIDEDNESS" (2)



$$f_e = x - 0y + (0 - 0)$$

$$f_e = x$$

plug in point P

$$f_e(P) = 1$$

